[XXVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1264.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1769.

FROM THE LONDON EVENING POST.

An ADDRESS *to the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Devon, preparatory to the general Meeting at Exeter, on Thurſday the 5th of October, 1769.*

By Dr. MUSGRAVE, *Phyſician at* Plymouth.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Sheriff having ſummoned a Meeting of the County in order to conſider of a Petition for Redreſs of Grievances, I think it incumbent on me as a Lover of my Country in general, to lay before you a Tranſaction, which, I apprehend, gives juſter Grounds of Complaint and Apprehenſion, than any Thing hitherto made public. Having long had Reaſon to imagine, that the Nation has been cruelly and fatally injured in a Way which they little ſuſpect, I have ardently wiſhed for the Day, when my imperfect Informations ſhould be ſuperſeded by Evidence and Certainty. That Day, I flatter myſelf, is at laſt approaching, and that the Spirit which now appears among the Freeholders, will bear down every Obſtacle that may be thrown in the Way of open and impartial Enquiry.

I need not remind you, Gentlemen, of the univerſal Indignation and Abhorrence, with which the Conditions of the late Peace were received by the independent Part of the Nation. Yet ſuch is the candid, unſuſpecting Nature of Engliſhmen, that even thoſe who condemned the Meaſure, did not attribute it to any worſe Motive, than an unmanly Impatience under the Burdens of the War, and a blind headlong Deſire to be relieved from them.——They did not conceive that Perſons of high Rank and unbounded Wealth, could be ſeduced by Gold to betray the Intereſts of their Country, and ſurrender Advantages, which the Lives of ſo many Heroes had been willingly ſacrificed to purchaſe. Such a Suppoſition, unhappily for us, is at preſent far from incredible. The important Secret was diſcloſed to me in the Year 1764, during my Reſidence in Paris. I will not trouble you with a Detail of the intermediate Steps I took in the Affair, which however, in proper Time, I ſhall moſt fully and readily diſcover. It is ſufficient to ſay, that on the 10th of May 1765, by the Direction of Dr. Blackſtone, I waited on Lord Halifax, then Secretary of State, and delivered to him an exact Narrative of the Intelligence I had received at Paris, with Copies of Four Letters to and from Lord Hertford. The Behaviour of Lord Halifax was polite, but evaſive. When I preſſed him in a ſecond Interview to enquire into the Truth of the Charge, he objected to all public Steps that might give an Alarm, and aſked me whether I could point out to him any Way of proſecuting the Enquiry in Secret, and whether in ſo doing, there was any Probability of his obtaining poſitive Proof of the Fact. I was not ſo much the Dupe of his Artifice, as to believe that he had any ſerious Intention of following the Clue I had given him, though his Diſcourſe plainly pointed that Way. It appeared by the Sequel, that I had judged right: For having Four Days after given a direct and ſatisfactory Anſwer to both his Queſtions, he then put an End to my Solicitations, by a peremptory Refuſal to take any Steps whatever in the Affair.

It is here neceſſary to explain what I mean by enquiring into the Truth of the Charge. In the Summer of the Year 1764, an Overture had been made to Sir George Yonge, Mr. Fitzherbert, and ſeveral other Members of Parliament, in the Name of the Chevalier D'Eon, importing that he, the Chevalier, was ready to impeach Three Perſons, Two of whom are Peers and Members of the Privy Council, of ſelling the Peace to the French. Of this Propoſal I was informed at different Times by the Two Gentlemen abovementioned. Sir George Yonge in particular told me, that he underſtood the Charge could be ſupported by written as well as living Evidence. The Step that I urged Lord Halifax to take, was to ſend for the Chevalier D'Eon, to examine him upon the Subject of this Overture, to peruſe his Papers, and then to proceed according to the Proofs. In ſuch a Caſe, a more deciſive Evidence than the Chevalier D'Eon could not be wiſhed for. He had himſelf conducted the Negotiation on the Part of the Enemy, and was known to have in Poſſeſſion, the Diſpatches and Papers of the Duke de Nivernois This Gentleman, ſo qualified and ſo diſpoſed to give Light into the Affair, did Lord Halifax refuſe to examine; whether from an Apprehenſion that the Charge would not be made out, or, on the contrary, that it would, I leave you, Gentlemen, and every impartial Reader to judge.

It muſt not be underſtood, that I can myſelf ſupport a Charge of Corruption againſt the noble Lords named in my Information. My Complaint is of a different Nature, and againſt a different Perſon. I conſider the Refuſal of Lord Halifax as a wilful Obſtruction of national Juſtice, for which I wiſh to ſee him undergo a ſuitable Puniſhment. Permit me to obſerve, Gentlemen, that ſuch an Obſtruction not only gives a temporary Impunity to Offenders, but it tends alſo to make that Impunity perpetual, by deſtroying or weakening the Proofs of their Guilt. Evidence of all Kinds is a very periſhable Thing: Living Witneſſes are expoſed to the Chance of Mortality, and written Evidence to the, not uncommon, Caſualty of Fire. In the preſent Caſe ſomething more than theſe ordinary Accidents might with good Reaſon be apprehended. It ſtands upon Record, that the Count de Guerchy had conſpired to aſſaſſinate the Chevalier D'Eon, neither has this Charge hitherto been refuted or anſwered. This not ſucceeding, a Band of Ruffians was hired to kidnap that Gentleman, and carry off his Papers. Though this ſecond Attempt failed, it does not follow that theſe important Papers are ſtill ſecure. I was informed by Mr. Fitzherbert, ſo long ago as the 17th of May 1765, that he had then Intelligence of Overtures making to the Chevalier D'Eon, the Object of which was, to get the Papers out of his Hands, in Return for a ſtipulated Sum of Money. This Account I communicated the following Day to Lord Halifax, who ſtill perſiſted in expoſing theſe precious Documents to ſo many complicated Hazards. I ſay precious Documents, becauſe if they ſhould be unfortunately loſt, the Affair muſt be for ever involved in Uncertainty, an Uncertainty, Gentlemen, which may be productive of infinite Miſchiefs to the Nation, and cannot tend to the Advantage or Satisfaction of any but the Guilty.

Lord Halifax, in excuſe for his Refuſal, will probably alledge, as he did to me, his Perſuaſion that the Charge was wholly Groundleſs. I need not obſerve how miſplaced and frivolous ſuch an Allegation is, when applied to juſtify a Magiſtrate for not examining Evidence. But I will ſuppoſe for Argument ſake the Perſon accuſed to be perfectly Innocent. Is it not the Intereſt and the Wiſh of every innocent Man, to have his Conduct ſcrutinized while Facts are recent, and Truth of Conſequence eaſy to be diſtinguiſhed from Falſhood? Is there any Tenderneſs in ſuffering a Stain to remain upon their Characters, 'til it becomes difficult or even impoſſible to be wiped out? Will therefore theſe noble Perſons, if their Actions have been upright, will they, I ſay, thank Lord Halifax for depriving them of an early Opportunity of eſtabliſhing their Innocence? Will they not regret and execrate his Caution, if the ſubſequent Suppreſſion or Deſtruction of the Evidence ſhould concur with other Circumſtances to fix on them the Suſpicion of Guilt? How will Lord Halifax excuſe himſelf to his Sovereign, for ſuffering ſo attrocious a Calumny to ſpread and take Root to the evident Hazard of his royal Reputation? And what Amends will he make to the Nation for the Heart-burnings and Jealouſies which are the natural Fruit of ſuch a Procedure? Yet theſe, Gentlemen, are the leaſt of the Miſchiefs that may be apprehended from his Behaviour upon the Footing of his own Plea.

I will venture however to aſſert, that, as far as hitherto appears, the Weight of Evidence and Probability is on the contrary Side. Now ſuppoſing the Charge to be true, there can be no need of long Arguments to convince you of the Injury done to the Nation by ſuffering ſuch capital Offenders to eſcape. For what is this but to defraud us of the only Compenſation we can expect for the Loſs of ſo many important Territories, a Loſs rendered ſtill more grievous by the Indignity of paying a Penſion, as we notoriouſly do, to the foreign Miniſter who negociated the ruinous Bargain? Yet even theſe Conſiderations are infinitely outweighed by the Danger to which the whole Nation muſt be expoſed from the continued Operation of ſo much Authority, Influence, and Favour to their Prejudice, and above all from the Poſſibility that the ſupreme Government of the Kingdom may, by the Regency-Act, devolve to a Perſon directly and poſitively accuſed of High Treaſon. Even the Encouragement that ſuch an Impunity muſt give to future Treaſons, is enough to fill a thinking Mind with the moſt painful Apprehenſions. We live in an Age, not greatly addicted to Scruples, when the open Avowal of domeſtic Venality ſeems to lead Men by an eaſy Gradation to Connexions equally Mercenary, with Foreigners and Enemies.—How then can we expect ill-diſpoſed Perſons to reſiſt a Temptation of this Sort, when they find that Treaſon may be detected and Proofs of it offered to a Magiſtrate without producing either Puniſhment or Enquiry? The Conſequence of this may be our Living to ſee a French Party, as well as a Court Party in Parliament; which, ſhould it ever happen, no Imagination can ſufficiently paint the calamitous and horrid State, to which our late glorious Triumphs might finally be reduced. When I talk of a French Party in Parliament, I do not ſpeak a mere viſionary Language unſupported by Experience. The Hiſtory of all Ages informs us, that France, where other Weapons have failed, has conſtantly had Recourſe to the leſs alarming Weapons of Intrigue and Corruption. And how effectual theſe have ſometimes been, we have a recent and tragical Example in the Total enſlaving of Corſica.

I have been thus particular in enumerating the Evils that may reſult from the Refuſal of Lord Halifax, not from a Deſire of aggravating that Nobleman's Offence, but merely to evince the Neceſſity of a ſpeedy Enquiry, while there is yet a Chance of it's not being wholly Fruitleſs. Though the Courſe of my Narrative has unavoidably led me to accuſe his Lordſhip, Accuſation is not my Object, but Enquiry, which cannot be diſagreeable to any but thoſe to whom Truth itſelf is diſagreeable. In purſuing this Point, I have hitherto been fruſtrated from the very Circumſtance which ought to have inſured my Succeſs; the immenſe Importance of the Queſtion. It has been apprehended, how juſtly I know not, that any Magiſtrate who ſhould commence an Enquiry, or any Gentleman who ſhould openly move for it, would be deemed reſponſible for the Truth of the Charge, and ſubjected to the Penalties, if he could not make it good. This Conſideration however did not deter me, tho' ſingle and unprotected, from carrying my Papers to the Speaker, to be laid before the late Houſe of Commons. The Speaker was pleaſed to juſtify my Conduct, by allowing that the Affair ought to be enquired into, but refuſed at the ſame Time to be inſtrumental in promoting the Enquiry himſelf. What then remained to be done? What, but to wait, though with Reluctance and Impatience, till a proper Opportunity ſhould offer for appealing to the Public at large, that is, till the accumulated Errors of Government ſhould awaken a Spirit of Enquiry, too powerful to be reſiſted or eluded? That this Spirit is now reviving, we have a ſufficient earneſt in the unanimous Zeal you have ſhewn for the Appointment of a County Meeting. In ſuch a Conjuncture to withhold from you ſo important a Truth, would no longer be Prudence, it would be to diſgrace my former Conduct, it would ſhew that I had been actuated by ſome temporary Motives, and not by a ſteady and uniform regard to a national Good. Indeed, the declared Purpoſe of your Meeting, is in itſelf a call upon every Freeholder to diſcloſe whatever you are concerned to know. I obey this Call without Heſitation, ſubmitting the Proſecution of the Affair to your Judgment, in full Confidence that the Reſult of your Deliberations, will do honour at the ſame Time to your Prudence, Candour, and Patriotiſm.

PLYMOUTH, *Auguſt* 12, 1769.

LEGHORN, *Auguſt* 3.

SOME Letters from Corſica adviſe, that the Inhabitants of the Pieve of Niolo had revolted againſt the French, and killed ſeveral of them: But that the Count de Vaux had ſent a Detachment, which obliged them to ſubmit, and had brought many of them Priſoners to Baſtia. Other Letters ſay, that the Iſland is very quiet. The French have demoliſhed the Fortifications of Oletta and ſome others. Theſe Letters add, that the French have begun to root up the Woods of Cheſnut and Olive Trees, which they are determined to clear, and ſow the Ground with Corn and Vegetables.

LONDON,

Sept. 4. They write from Teneriff, that the Portugueſe Trade of thoſe Iſlands is greatly interrupted by the Salletine Corſairs, one of which had taken a Bark laden with Salt and Wine, and carried her into the Iſland of Fedal.

It is worthy of Obſervation, that to the Sovereignty of Corſica, is annexed the Title of Sovereign of the Mediterranean Sea, ſo that his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty has, from the Conqueſt of that Iſland, a Right to add that of King of the Mediterranean Sea, and though it was but a nominal Title when poſſeſſed by the Genoeſe, yet may, in the Poſſeſſion of ſo powerful a Monarch, be conſiderably more, and have no ſmall Weight with ſeveral European Powers.

Private Letters from Hamburgh mention, that a Treaty of a ſingular Nature is ſaid to be on the Carpet, between the Courts of Stockholm and Verſailles.

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, dated Auguſt 22.

"Several Letters received here from Tranſylvania, adviſe, that the Ruſſian Armies, commanded by Prince Gallitzin and General Romanzow, having joined again, had on the 18th of July, attacked the great Ottoman Army near Yaſſi. The firſt Onſet was made with great Vigour, but the Turks defended themſelves ſo bravely, that their Enemies were obliged to retire with conſiderable Loſs. The Ottoman Cavalry is ſaid to be gone in Purſuit of the Ruſſians."

Sept. 6. The French King having ſuſpended the Eaſt-India Company, opened their Ports for a free Trade to India, and taken the late Company's Affairs under his Protection, we ſuppoſe the Eaſt-India Ships in thoſe Seas (known to be all of 64 and 70 Guns) are now the King's, and under his Directions. Will they now deny the French having any Maritime Force in thoſe Seas? Will they deny the ſending Battalions of Foot to Mauritius? And will our frenchified M————rs be ſo polite as to believe, and to wiſh to impoſe their intereſted Credulity on the People of this Country? Let them remember how often they have been warn'd of a blow there.

The Ruſſian Fleet of 14 Sail of the Line commanded by Vice-Admiral Elphinſton, (a Captain in the Engliſh Royal Navy) is now on it's Paſſage to the Mediterranean, and is to be joined by Six Daniſh Men of War, to attack Conſtantinople, and try to give the Turks ſome Diverſion that Way. A Fleet of Obſervation is fitting with great Diſpatch at Toulon; and Europe will ſoon ſee who kindled the War in Poland, and ſet the Ruſſians and Turks together. 'Tis thought England cannot ſit ſtill, and ſee the only Ally they have to depend on, interrupted in their juſt Attacks on their Enemies.

It is ſaid that a certain unpopular Earl has received Propoſals from the Leaders of Oppoſition, which it is no leſs to his Honour to have rejected, than it was diſgraceful and ſervile to have made them.

Bets are now laying in the Weſt-End of the Town, that L—d B—— will be firſt Lord of the T——y before the ſitting of Parliament, and that a great Perſonage will diſſolve a certain Houſe before the End of the laſt Month in Winter.

Six new Regiments are, it is ſaid, to be embodied ſoon, with a View of ſupplying our great Company with ſufficient Aid. Should certain Petitions be heard and this Event be an immediate Conſequence, there will be room for alarming Conjectures.

By Advices from the Weſt-Indies we are informed, that it is currently reported there, that all the Spaniſh Ports in thoſe Parts would ſoon be ſhut to the Importation of African Slaves by the Engliſh, the French of Martinico having left no Stone unturned to poſſeſs themſelves entirely of this lucrative Trade.

Yeſterday his Excellency Sir Francis Bernard, Bart. who arrived in Town on Monday, from Boſton in New-England, had a long Conference with the Earl of Wey[illegible]h, and ſeveral other Officers of State; and the [illegible] Day his Excellency was introduced to his Maje[illegible]

Ma[illegible] Contracts are daily making for a Number of Artificers, in various Branches, to go to New-England, which generally alarms the People concerned in that Trade.

Sept. 7. Yeſterday Morning at Two o'Clock, the Right Hon. the Earl of Bute ſet out from his Houſe in South-Audley-Street, for Dover, in order to embark for France.

On Tueſday Evening, and not before, Sir Francis Bernard, Bart. Governor of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, arrived at the Gentlemen's Hotel in King-Street, St. James's.

A Correſpondent from Dunkirk informs us, that an Order has been ſent to the frontier Towns and Sea Ports, to apprehend Five Engliſh Officers, if they ſhould attempt to paſs to England: The orders are ſo ſevere, that they are, if apprehended, to be put in Irons, and to be conducted to Paris by the Marechauſſe.

The Turkiſh Army which was defeated by Prince Gallitzin on the 13th of July, conſiſted of 70,000 Men. The Fortreſs of Choczim ſtill held out, but was cloſely blocked up and canonaded on the 8th of Auguſt. The Beſieged were in great Diſtreſs, and the Garriſon hardly reſtrained from Mutiny, by the Promiſe of Succour, if they held out 'til the 25th. The Turks had ſtill an Army of 70,000 Men at Bender.

Yeſterday ſome extraordinary Diſpatches were ſent off from the Secretary of State's Office, for his Excellency Col. Boyd, Governor of Gibraltar; and an Expreſs was ſent off for the Commander of his Majeſty's Squadron in the Mediterranean.

They write from Hamburgh, that a Number of Tranſports are now loading there, with all Kinds of Proviſions and Naval Stores, intended to follow the Ruſſian Fleet to the Mediterranean.

By recent Letters from Copenhagen, we are informed, that a large Fleet of Daniſh Men of War are now fitting out, in the principal Harbours of that Kingdom, ſaid to be intended to join the Ruſſian Admiral in the Mediterranean.

Sept. 16. By Accounts from Bordeaux we hear, that the Perſon lately taken into Cuſtody at Breſt, by the Name of Lord Gordon, and accuſed with a Deſign to blow up the Fortifications of that City, has given ample Proofs of the Fallacy of the Charges againſt him, and that the whole Tranſaction was a political Stroke, which a ſhort Time will explain, not a little to the Aſtoniſhment of the People of Great-Britain.

The Prices of Stocks in general have fell One per Cent. within theſe few Days, owing, it is ſaid, to the Expectancy of a War very ſhortly.

It is remarkable, that the Three Gentlemen, Dr. Blackſtone, Sir George Yonge, and Mr. Fitzherbert, whom Dr. Muſgrave mentions in his Addreſs to the Gentlemen of Devon, as having conferred with them ſome Years ago, relative to the ſuppoſed high Crime of certain great Perſons, have now all of them Places under the Government.

Private Letters from Paris which arrived Yeſterday, mention an Account had been received there, that Prince Gallitzin has been obliged to raiſe the Siege of Choczim, with the Loſs of the greateſt Part of his Artillery, and that he had repaſſed the Nieſter, and was purſued by the Grand Viſir, at the Head of 150,000 Turks, who were joined by Two large Bodies of the Confederates and Tartars, into the Heart of Poland.

Extract of Letter from Cork, dated Sept. 19.

"There is a Ruſſian Fleet of 30 Sail of the Line now at Sea, bound for Conſtantinople: ſome ſay they are in the Downs. Yeſterday Orders arrived to the Collector here from Government, directing, that provided they put in here, to ſupply them with Proviſions, and any thing they may want. This it is thought, may once more embroil Europe.

Sept. 12. We are informed that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter paid a Viſit incog. at Paris, on his Return from his Travels.

It is ſaid that Mr. Treyſſack de Vergy, Counſellor in the Parliament of Paris, intends to elucidate the Difference between Dr. Muſgrave, and the Chevalier D'Eon, and make it public.

Sept. 13. It is ſaid that ſeveral of the Nobility, who are true Friends to their Country, will form themſelves into a Society before the Meeting of an auguſt Aſſembly.

Extract of a Letter from Aylesbury, September 11.

"I am ſat down to give you an Account of this Day's Proceedings relative to the Petition. You remember it to be the Day fixed on for Signing.

"All the Morning the Freeholders came in large Bodies from every Quarter, headed by their neighbouring Gentlemen, and about Noon they aſſembled in the County Hall; the moſt numerous and reſpectable Body I ever ſaw in this County.——Earl Verney opened the Cauſe of their meeting, and enforced the Neceſſity and Expediency, in a very animated Speech.——Mr. Aubery, Member for Wallingford, ſeconded Lord Verney, and explained the Nature of the common Grievance which they meant to petition for Redreſs, in a Manner which does him no little Credit, and which met with univerſal Acclamation and Applauſe.——The Hon. Mr. Hampden was then called to the Chair, out of Reſpect to the ever-memorable great John Hampden, in King Charles's Time: He enforced the Neceſſity of petitioning, with the moſt elegant and convincing Arguments.——Mr. Calcraft next aroſe, and ſupported the Sentiments of the Gentlemen who had already ſpoken.——Mr. Edmund Burke, Member for Wendover, then got up, and, I believe, ſpoke for near an Hour, in a pure, eloquent, and rhetorical Manner, truly Ciceronian, which he is well known to be Maſter of: He explained the Cuſtom, Law, and Uſage of Parliament, and the Laws of the Land, touching the Right of Election; quoted the Authority, and the Right of Petitioning even to diſſolve the Parliament: Precedent upon Precedent he brought to View, particularly in King William's Time, I think in 1701, he diſſolved his Parliament upon his People's petitioning him for Redreſs of Grievances: I do aſſure you, I have long wanted to hear him ſpeak, and I never was more pleaſed with any Expreſſion I ever heard.—— Mr. O'Brien next ſpoke; and after him ſeveral Gentlemen.—The Petition was then read by Mr. Aubery, which is confined to Right of Election only, and does great Honour to the Perſon who drew it up. The Chairman deſired all who were petitioning to ſhew Hands, and not one Perſon objected. The Chairman then read the Petition a Second Time, and afterwards deſired all who objected to it to hold up their Hands, but not one appeared, but unanimouſly concurred to petition with loud Acclamations. They then proceeded to ſign, Eight at a Time, there being Eight Skins, which the Gentlemen are to take to their reſpective Hundreds; and I have Authority to aſſure you, that there is not one Freeholder in the whole County, as Hand-Bills have been diſtributed in every Village, but is ready to meet the Petition wherever it is lodged, and will ſign it, thoſe few only who may be more immediately under the Wings of the Miniſtry, excepted. The following Noblemen and Gentlemen are fixed on to deliver the Petition: Earl Verney, Lord George Bentinck, Sir William Stanhope, Hon. Mr. Hampden, Hon. Henry Grenville, Mr. Aubery, Mr. Edmund Burke, and Mr. Calcraft.

P. S. Many loyal and conſtitutional Toaſts were drank at Dinner, one in particular, given by Mr. O'Brien, which ſtruck me much: "May Unanimity ſubſiſt among the Three Brothers," meaning Lord Temple, Lord Chatham, and the Honourable George Grenville, which was received with great Eclat; upon which Lord Temple ſtept forward, and addreſſed himſelf nearly thus:

"*Gentlemen, and Fellow Freeholders,*

"I have the Pleaſure to aſſure you, and, on my Honour, there is the greateſt Unanimity amongſt us. It is my Ambition, it is my Determination, and I have the Authority from them to aſſure you, that they will ſupport this, and every conſtitutional Meaſure, for the general Good."

The American Trade, which at this Seaſon uſed to be in a proſperous Condition, is now in a moſt abject State; there is not, we hear, one Ship put up at the Royal Exchange for New-York or Philadelphia; and for Boſton and Carolina, there are only Three for each Province.

It is ſaid that the Freeholders of a conſiderable Borough in the Weſt, intend to inſtruct their Repreſentatives to apply for bringing about an immediate Enquiry into the Conduct of a Nobleman, who has lately been accuſed of obſtructing the Courſe of national Juſtice, in evading to ſcrutinize into the alarming Circumſtances communicated to him ſome Time ago, by a certain Phyſician.

Sept. 8. It is reported, that the total Suppreſſion of our Admiralty-Courts in the American Colonies, will ſoon take Place.

By a Letter from the Downs received Yeſterday, we learn, that a Merchant Ship, bound for Oporto, is come to Anchor there, and waits only to take a noble Lord on board, who is ſaid to be going to Italy. It is alſo ſaid, that another Ship lies ready, with ſeveral Months Proviſions on board, for the Uſe of the ſame great Perſon.

It was the Earl of Rochford who introduced Sir Francis Bernard to his Majeſty on Wedneſday. Sir Francis's Stay was but ſhort; but it is ſaid that he will attend the next Council, to give an Account of the preſent State of the Affairs of Maſſachuſetts-Bay.

They write from Toulon, that an Armament is fitting out there, to chaſtiſe the Inſolence of the Moors at Larache, whoſe Corſairs had lately taken 5 French Veſſels in the Mideterranean.

Lord Weymouth has ſent a Letter into the City, to acquaint the Merchants trading to Ruſſia, that the Ruſſians have diſpatched a Fleet of 20 Ships of the Line to Conſtantinople: It is imagined the French will oppoſe this Squadron, and it is ſuppoſed a Council will be held this Day at St. James's on the Account.

They write from Hamburgh, that the preſent Diſputes between England and her Colonies, had put a Stop to the farther Migration of Foreigners to ſettle in North-America.

The Weſtminſter Petition has been carried about into the different Pariſhes throughout the ſaid City, and has been ſigned by a great Number of the Inhabitants; but no Time is yet fixed for preſenting the ſame.

It is rumoured, that a certain Governor has declared his Intentions to impeach ſome Gentlemen of great Influence, in one of the American Provinces, of high Treaſon.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, September 1.

"The Corſican General Paoli was at Loo the Day before Yeſterday, where he was received and entertained with the greateſt Politeneſs by the Prince Stadtholder.

It is aſſerted, that a great Perſon in the Law has been applied to within theſe Two Days, for his Opinion, reſpecting the Attack made upon the Character of a certain Nobleman, by a Country Phyſician.

A Correſpondent ſays, that a certain Phyſician is likely to gain as little Credit by his Story in Relation to the Peace, as a Perſon commonly called the fighting Parſon, did, by his Narrative of an extraordinary Duel, and obſerves, that the People of England have not been very credulous with Reſpect to ſham Plots, &c. ſince they were ſo egregiouſly impoſed upon in the Days of Charles the Second.

Aylesbury, September 14, 1769.

PRO MAGNA CHARTA, the antient and ſpirited Motto of our Lord Lieutenant, Baron le Deſpenſer, has ſet this whole Country on Fire; and it appears happily for this Kingdom, that the Words are deeply engraven in the Hearts of every honeſt Elector. The Tranſactions of the 12th Inſtant at the General Meeting, does infinite Honour to all the Parties concerned. Earl Temple dined with the Freeholders at 10l. a-Head; and his well known Zeal upon every Point of Liberty, did not deſert him upon this great Occaſion. His Lordſhip has now ſtepped forth, and put himſelf at the Head of the Stand, which is making in Support of the very Vitals of the Conſtitution; and the avowed Union of the Three Brothers upon this important Object, connected with the whole Rockingham Party, almoſt ſecures a Certainty of Succeſs. One moſt material Part of the Remonſtrance and Petition agreed upon, has not yet found its Way into any of the Papers; I ſhall therefore tranſcribe it for the public Attention and Uſe. After ſetting forth the Rights of the Electors under Magna Charta, the Bill of Rights, &c. it goes on in this Manner: "Notwithſtanding which in Defiance and Contempt of theſe our juſt and antient Rights, coeval with the very Being of the Houſe of Commons, *Two Days* before the laſt Election for the County of Middleſex, *your Majeſty's Servants* thought proper, either by their own Authority, or by their Advice to your Majeſty, to confer a *nominal* Office on a Gentleman to vacate his Seat in Parliament, with the *avowed* Purpoſe of bringing him into the Houſe of Commons as Knight of the Shire for the ſaid County, by a *ſmall* Number of Votes againſt a *great* Majority of *legal Electors*, which Purpoſe of theirs hath ſince been *fatally* carried into full Execution. Juſtly alarmed at an Attempt of this formidable Nature, thus planned and avowed *by divers evil Counſellors and Miniſters*, Duty to our Sovereign, and to our *injured* Country, calls upon us, &c."

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 30.

On Tueſday laſt arrived here the Ship *Frederick*, Captain *Nicholſon*, from *London*, but laſt from *Antigua*, in whom came Paſſengers, *John Morton Jordan*, Eſq; his Lady and Family; as likewiſe Mr. *Maſters*, and Family.

'Tis ſaid Mr. *Maſters* has imported in Capt. *Nicholſon*, a Cargo of *European* Goods, which were purchaſed and ready for ſhipping before the 25th of *July*; prior to which no Accounts of the Aſſociation in this Province could have reached *England*; however, we are informed this Gentleman very willingly ſubmits the Diſpoſal of his Goods to the Determination of the Committee of Merchants in this City.

We hear the Hon. the Lower Houſe of Aſſembly have Reſolved to bring in a Bill for emitting Bills of Credit, on Loan, to the amount of 300,000 Dollars, in order to Supply this Province with a circulating Medium, at this Time much wanted.

We hear from *Charles* County, that Three Parcels of Goods, belonging to different Perſons, have been landed there, contrary to the Tenor of the Aſſociation entered into in this Province, but Notice thereof being given to the Committee of Merchants, the Goods were re-ſhipped for *Great-Britain*.

On Tueſday the 14th Inſtant, died, in *Anne-Arundel* County, Mrs. *Sarah Gaither*, Relict of Mr. *Benjamin Gaither*, formerly of the ſame County, in the 79th Year of her Age; a Gentlewoman endowed with many good Qualities, and who performed the various Stations of Life with an unblemiſhed Character, having been a faithful Wife, a kind and indulgent Parent, a humane Miſtreſs, a kind Neighbour, benevolent Friend, and to her own Sex, an agreeable Companion.

November 23, 1769.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Renelda Monk*, late of *Baltimore* County, deceaſed, are deſired to come and pay of their reſpective Balances; and thoſe who have any juſt Claims againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjuſted and paid, by

HENRY RESTON, Executor.

WILLIAM BARBER, the *Calvert* POST, earneſtly deſires all thoſe indebted by Subſcription, to pay off their reſpective Balances, which will enable him to perform his different Stages as uſual.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Dumfries, October 14, 1769.

RAN away laſt Night, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM POWELL, about 40 Years of Age, or upwards, born in ſome of the inland Counties in *England*, and ſpeaks very plain Engliſh, he is 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has ſhort dark gray Hair, writes a pretty good Hand, and has probably wrote ſome Letters, or made out a Paſs, as he is an artful Fellow: Had on, when he went away, a ſtrong Kerſey Jacket, or ſhort Coat, pretty much wore, a Pair of Buckſkin Breeches, too large for him, a Pair of *Aberdeen* ribbed Hoſe, and a Pair of good Country Shoes almoſt new. He has alſo taken with him, an old Suit of black Cloaths, ſome Stockings and Shirts, he left Word in the Kitchen that he was going to kill Ducks, ſo that he was not directly miſſed. It is very likely that he is either gone down *Patowmack* River, or got over to *Maryland*. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and brings him to me, ſhall be paid Five Pounds, if taken Twenty Miles, from thence, or upwards, and if nearer, Three Pounds.

(4w) RICHARD GRAHAM.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Benjamin Brooke*, within Three Miles of *Upper-Marlborough*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a white MARE, about Thirteen Hands high, ſwitch Tail, and ridge Mane, branded on the near Buttock I C or I G, trots and gallops.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

To be sold by the SUBSCRIBER, *at his Store, in* South-East *Street*, Annapolis.

MUSCOVADO Sugar of the first Quality, by the Barrel, or ſmaller Quantity, on very reaſonable Terms: Alſo the beſt Bohea Tea; Spermaceti Candles, Loaf Sugar, Chocolate, Allſpice, Salad Oil, genuine high ſcented *Straſburg* Rappee, and Lone Snuff, excellent *Jeſuit's* Bark, *Turlington's* Balſam, *Daffy's* Elixir, Sago, Senna, Court Plaiſter, *Boughton's* Bitters, *Britiſh* Oil, double diſtilled Lavender Water, Spirit of Hartſhorn, Aloes, Flower of Brimſtone, and a few Bottles of the celebrated *Balzame de Vie*; with an Aſſortment of Dry Goods, among which are ſeveral Pieces of faſhionable Silks, Silk and Migonet Lace and Gauzes, which will be ſold cheap for ready Money.

THOMAS BROOKE HODGKIN.

To be SOLD, or LET, on Leaſe, for TEN YEARS, THE valuable WATER-MILLS, in *Charles* County, on the Head of *Allen's* Freſh. Twenty Acres of Land, on which the Mills, &c. ſtand, were condemned, and a Leaſe granted for a Number of Years, about 72 of which are to come. There are 4 Pair of Stones on 1 Dam, 2 Tub Mills, and a Double-geered Under-ſhot Mill, which carries 2 Pair of Stones and 2 Bolting Clothes, all new and well fixed.——On the Premiſes are a good Dwelling-Houſe and Store adjoining, a Brick Bake-Houſe, with an Oven that will draw 125 lb of Bread at once, a Granary, Kitchen, and ſeveral Out-Houſes, it is likewiſe well ſituated for Cuſtom, and convenient for Trade.

Any Perſon that inclines to purchaſe, may have Seven Years Time of Payment, on giving Bond and Security, if required, and paying the Intereſt annually; or, if on Leaſe, the Rent muſt be paid annually.

THOMAS CONTEE,
JAMES SWANN.

TALBOT County SCHOOL being now vacant, any Perſon who can produce proper Teſtimonials of his Qualification for that Truſt, will be treated with by the Viſitors.

Signed by *Order*,
THOMAS GOLDSBOROUGH, Regiſter.

Bladenſburg, November 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, alias WAINRIGHT, a thick well made Fellow, about 5 Feet high, has no Beard, a round full Face, freſh Colour, ſhort light brown Hair, has a Cut on his under Lip, and an effeminate Voice. Had on and took with him, a white Linen Shirt, a Pair of white Drilling Breeches, ſtrip'd red and white Jacket, a ſhort brown ditto, a Pair of light blue gray Stockings, white Thread ditto, a Stock and Stock-Buckle, white Neckcloth. with a red and white Border at each End, a white Handkerchief, with a red and white Border, good Shoes, Pumps, Braſs Buckles, and a Half-worn Hat. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him home, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 30 Miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings, and ſo in Proportion for a ſhorter or longer Diſtance, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by

WAIT STILL SINGELLTON CHURCH.

November 12, 1769.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcribers, at *Piſcataway* Races, the 7th Inſtant, a cloſe well made dark bay MARE, 13 and an Half Hands high, about 6 Years old, branded on the near Side Æ but has ſeveral other Brands unknown, a ſprig Tail, her Mane hangs on the off Side, and ſhe trots and gallops: Alſo a bright bay HORSE, better than Three Years old, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, branded on the near Buttock I A, has a buſh Tail, his Mane hangs on the off Side, natural Pacer, goes eaſy, ſhod before, and one hind Foot white below the Foot-Lock. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Creatures, ſo as the Owners may get them again, ſhall have Five Dollars Reward, and if brought to *Alexandria*, Six Dollars.

CHARLES JONES,
(w3) WILLIAM GIBBS.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Kent* County, *Maryland*, on the 25th of *October* laſt, a Convict Servant Man, named ROBERT HAINES, an *Engliſhman*, about 22 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high: Had on and took with him, a dark colour'd Half-worn Cloth Coat, with flower'd Block-Tin Buttons, and dark colour'd Lining, a purple nap'd Halfthick Jacket, with red Flannel Lining, without Buttons, and the Nap almoſt worn off, a ſhort Under ditto, the Fore Parts made of ſtriped Flannel, and the Hind Parts of blue Fearnought, Two Oſnabrig Shirts, One white Sheeting ditto, Two Pair of old long Trouſers, Half-worn Shoes, with Buckles, old Stocking Legs, Half-worn Hat, an Oſnabrig Wallet, and a Glaſs Bottle. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, beſides reaſonable Charges, paid by

(w4) MICHAEL BYRNE.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living near *Antietam*, on the 19th of *October*, a light roan HORSE, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, is a natural Pacer, has no Brand, a ſwitch Tail, ſome Saddle Spots on his Back, and his Mane hangs on the near Side. Whoever ſecures ſaid Horſe, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Three Pounds Currency Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if convicted.

(w4) THOMAS POWELL.

PENKNIVES, RAZORS, SCISSORS, LANCETS, FLEAMS, &c. ground by the Subſcriber at his Houſe near the Governors, in *Annapolis*.

(4w) PHILIP WILLIAMS.

Calvert County, *November* 7, 1769.

THE Subſcriber once more requeſts all thoſe who are indebted to him, to make ſpeedy Payment: Thoſe who do not comply with this Requeſt, may depend on being dealt with, according to law.

JAMES INNESS.

N. B. Wheat, Corn, or Oats, will be taken in Payment.

To be SOLD, for Sterling Caſh, or good London *Bills of Exchange*,

A TRACT of 500 Acres of Patent Land, well timbered, with red, and white Oak, and large Poplar Trees, lying in the Forks of *Gunpowder*, *Baltimore* County, about 18 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, 4 from *Joppa*, on *Gunpowder* River, where there is an Inſpection-Houſe, 2 from *Onion's* Iron-Works, about the ſame Diſtance from *Nottingham* Forges, and 3 from a Merchant Mill that purchaſes great Quantities of Wheat: It is remarkable for a healthy and pleaſant Situation, having a Proſpect of the Bay, and Part of the Eaſtern-Shore: About 150 Acres of cleared Land, chief of it freſh and under good Fencing; a Dwelling-Houſe with a Stone Chimney top'd with Brick; a new Kitchen with a double Chimney and an Oven; a Framed Barn 40 by 24, with a good Threſhing Floor, and many other convenient Houſes almoſt new; a pailed Garden, with Locuſt Poſts, got from off the Land, where there are Plenty growing; 2 Apple-Orchards, of 300 bearing Trees of excellent Fruit, and a great Variety of other Fruit Trees. The Soil is excellent for Wheat and other Kind of Grain, and will produce good Tobacco and Hemp; Some Meadow, and more may be made with Eaſe; it abounds with Springs, ſo as to render it vaſtly convenient, if laid out into different Apartments; fine Quarries of Stone for building, and a great ſhow of Iron Ore, with a great Scope of Range for Creatures. The Tract will be ſold altogether, or divided into 2 Parts, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer or Purchaſers, and to be entered on early next Fall. For further Particulars apply to me on the Premiſes.

(w3) THOMAS LINGAN.

Annapolis, November 3, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcribers, on the 29th of *October* laſt, Two *Iriſh* indented Servant Men, *viz.*

DANIEL M'CRITCH, alias *M'Grath*, a Carpenter by Trade, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, pale Complexion, ſhort and bow legged, has a down Look: Had on, an old brown Wig, but his Hair is growing, and is very black, brown Jacket, double breaſted, ſhort black ditto, alſo double breaſted, Leather Breeches, Yarn Stockings, and black Shoes.

GEORGE CAVENDISH, alſo a Carpenter by Trade, about 6 Feet high, round ſhoulder'd, and his Toes lap'd one over the other: Had on, and took with him, a Bearſkin Jacket, with a Cape, blue Cloth ditto, *Norway* Buck Breeches, *Ruſſia* Drab ditto, a Pair of white Thread Hoſe, a Pair of mix'd Yarn ditto, One Check Shirt, and One Dowlas ditto, and black Shoes.

Whoever takes up ſaid Servants, and brings them to the Subſcribers, ſhall have Five Pounds Currency for *Daniel M'Critch*, and Three Pounds for *Cavendiſh*, paid by

JAMES BRICE,
JUBB FOWLER.

To be SOLD, at Public Vendue, on Saturday the 25th *of* November *Inſtant*,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, laid out for 296½ Acres, lying on *Patuxent* River, in *Prince-George's* County, about 4 Miles above *Snowdens* Iron-Works. It is well watered and timbered, and the Soil appears to be very good for Wheat, Corn or Tobacco. The Sale to be at the Houſe where Mr. *Thomas Richardſon* formerly kept Tavern, which is about one Mile from the Land. For Terms apply to the Subſcriber.

(w3) PHILIP TURNER.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, *October* 24, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, the Two following Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

THOMAS DAVIS, an Iriſhman, 27 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, a ſtraight well made Fellow, of a fair Complexion, ſpeaks good Engliſh, has long black Hair, and wears it club'd, black Beard, and large hazel Eyes: Had on, a Cotton Jacket, Oſnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trouſers, new *Engliſh* Shoes, yellow Metal Buckles, and a new Caſtor Hat.

SIMON SALE, about 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, a ſtraight well made Fellow, of a light Complexion, ſhort brown Hair, and wears it tied, has hazel Eyes, and a Scar on his left Eyebrow: Had on, a Cotton Jacket, Oſnabrig Shirt and Trouſers, a Pair of old Country made Shoes, and a new Caſtor Hat. They broke open a Houſe, and Stole the following Goods, *viz.* A blue Country Cloth Coat, lin'd with Shalloon, and trim'd with large white Metal Buttons, and a Linen ditto, trim'd with Metal Buttons, Nankeen Jacket, a Pair of Leather Breeches patch'd, One Pair of brown Cloth ditto, Two Pair of blue Worſted Stockings, Two white Shirts, mark'd W H, Two croſs-bar'd Silk Handkerchiefs, One Bird-eyed ditto, and a Gun.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Runaways, and brings them home, ſhall have, if taken within 20 Miles of ſaid Furnace, 30 Shillings; if 30 Miles, 40 Shillings; and if out of the Province, 3 Pounds Reward for each, (including what the Law allows) paid by (w3) CALEB DORSEY.

THE Subſcriber, late from the Borough of *Lancaſter*, in the Province of *Pennſylvania*, takes this Method of informing the Public, that he has opened a large and commodious Houſe of Entertainment, in the Town of *Baltimore*, at the Corner of *Gay* and *Baltimore* Streets, oppoſite the Market-Houſe, lately occupied by Mr. *Andrew Stigar*, and may be known now by the one Tun and *Bacchus*, where all Gentlemen, who pleaſe to favour him, may depend on good Entertainment; from

Their very humble Servant,
(w6) JOHN LITTLE.

Dorcheſter County, *October* 30, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 29th Inſt. a yellow Negro Man, named FRANK, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, is a thick, well made, ſtrong Fellow, much given to Liquor, and is very impudent; he has a remarkable Scar on one of his Arms, occaſioned by the Bite of a Perſon he was engaged with in a Fight: Had on and took with him, a blue Fearnought Jacket, a *Welſh* Cotton, and a brown Cloth ditto, old Oſnabrig Shirt, a new ditto not made, Fuſtian Breeches, white Stockings and a new Pair of Pumps. Whoever ſecures ſaid Fellow, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive Five Dollars beſides what they are lawfully entitled to, from (7w) WILLIAM GRAY.

WILLIAM FARIS,
CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER,
At the CROWN *and* DIAL, *near the Church, in* Weſt-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he has engaged Two exceeding good Workmen, (one of whom has been a Finiſher ſeveral Years to the celebrated Mr. *Allam*) and carries on the above Buſineſſes in all their various Branches.——The Gold, Silverſmiths and Jewellers Buſineſſes he ſtill carries on in the neateſt and beſt Manner.——He alſo executes any Orders he may be favoured with for Chair Work, having lately ſupplied himſelf with a good Workman, and has now for Sale, ſeveral Dozens of very neat black Walnut Chairs.——Thoſe who ſhall pleaſe to honour him with their Commands, may depend on being faithfully ſerved on reaſonable Terms, and with the utmoſt Diſpatch.——He continues to keep Tavern, having ſupplied himſelf with the beſt of Liquors, Hay and Oats, where Gentlemen will meet with polite Treatment and the beſt Accommodations for themſelves and Horſes, from

Their very humble Servant,
WILLIAM FARIS.

N. B. He gives ready Money, and the beſt Prices for old Gold and Silver.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Elk-Ridge*, on the 15th of *October* laſt, a brown Mulatto Man, named CHARLES FENTON, between 19 and 20 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, has a large Scar on the fore Part of his Head, and a down Look when any Ways examined: Had on, and took with him, Two new Oſnabrig Shirts, one white ditto, Two Country mill'd Jackets, one Pair of Oſnabrig Trouſers, a Sagathy Coat, and blue Breeches, Three or Four Pair of Stockings, one Pair of Shoes or Pumps, a new Caſtor Hat, with ſundry other Things.——Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, or ſecures him, ſo as the Subſcriber may get him again, ſhall receive, if taken in the Province, Forty Shillings; if brought home, Three Pounds; and, if out of the Province, Five Pounds, paid by (w4) HENRY HOWARD.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, living near Nottingham, *in* Prince-George's *County, the following Tracts, or Parcels of Land, lying in the County aforeſaid, viz.*

WHEELER's PARK, containing 503 Acres, lying about Half-way between *Nottingham* and *Piſcataway*. The Land is level, and fit for farming. About Ten Acres of it cleared, the reſt in Woods.

Part of a Tract, called ALLISON's FORREST ENLARGED, containing 148 Acres, lying between *Bladenſburg* and *George-Town*. About 27 Acres of which is cleared, on which is a young Orchard. There is on the ſaid Land, about 15 Acres of valuable low Ground fit for Meadow.

PERRIE's-FARM, containing 50 Acres, lying about a Mile and a Quarter from the *Eaſternbranch-Ferry*, on the Road leading from *Upper-Marlborough* towards the ſaid Ferry: This is all Woods.

THE ADDITION to FOX-HALL, containing 21 Acres: This Land lies near a Run, called *Oxon-Run*.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the above Lands, may be inform'd of the Title and Terms, by applying to (w4) JOHN F. A. PRIGGS.

Joppa, *November* 13, 1769.

To be ſold by Public Vendue, by the SUBSCRIBERS, *as Truſtees for* Abraham Andrew, *and for the Uſe of his Creditors*,

A TRACT of LAND, in *Baltimore* County, called ADVENTURES ADDITION, containing 304 Acres, lying near the Great Falls of *Gunpowder* River, about 7 Miles from *Joppa*, and 15 from *Baltimore-Town*: On the Land are ſome Improvements with a good Apple Orchard. Likewiſe will be ſold, all the ſaid *Andrew's* Perſonal Eſtate. The Sale to be on the Premiſes, the 20th Day of *December* next.

JOHN BEALE HOWARD,
JOHN BOYD, } Truſtees.

Anne-Arundel County, *October* 13, 1769.

RAN away, laſt Night, from the Subſcriber, living on *Elk-Ridge*, a Convict Servant Man, named, SAMUEL ALLSWORTH, by Trade a Gunſtocker, about 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, has ſhort brown curl'd Hair, ſhort Face, and brown Complexion: Had on when he went away, an old Caſtor Hat, a light colour'd Broadcloth Coat and Jacket, the Coller of his Coat is lined with red Velvet, Oſnabrig Shirt and Trouſers, patch'd with coarſe Linen, and a Pair of Country made Shoes, nailed. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant and brings him home, ſhall have Twenty Dollars Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

SAMUEL POOLE.

A PARCEL of choice DRUGS and genuine Patent MEDICINES, juſt come to Hand, are to be ſold on the loweſt Terms, by WILLIAM WILKINS, at *Annapolis*, for Account of Dr. JOHN SPARHAWK, of *Philadelphia*, *viz. Turlinton*'s Balſam, *Walker*'s Jeſuits Drops, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Diſeaſe, all Weakneſſes of the Reins in both Sexes, however obſtinate, and from whatever Cauſe proceeding, likewiſe for the Stone, Gravel, and all ſcorbutic Caſes—Balſam of Honey for Conſumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breaſt; Elixir Bardana, for the Rhematiſm and Gout; *Britiſh* Tooth-Powder, which preſerves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; *Anderſon*'s Pills, I. I. and C. D. highly eſteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, reſtoring a good Appetite, and ſound Digeſtion; *Britiſh* Oil; *Daffy*'s Elixir; Sugar Plumbs, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. *James*'s Fever Powders; Dr. *Hill*'s Eſſence for ſore Eyes, a ſure Remedy, greatly ſtrengthens and preſerves the Sight; *Bateman*'s Drops; *Godfrey*'s Cordial; *King*'s Honey Water; *Locker*'s Pills; Court Plaiſter; Oil Turpentine; Nipple Glaſſes; Emeticks; Purges; Rhubarb; Powder of Jeſuits Bark; Iſinglaſs; Sago; Manna; Salts; Spermaceti, *&c.* (3m)

STOLEN between the 24th and 28th of *October*, from the Subſcriber, a ſandy colour'd Broad-Cloth Jacket, with Buttonholes on each Side and bound round with Worſted Binding, a Pair of Buckſkin Breeches, remarkable for having Spots of Paint in the Inſide of the right Knee; ſeveral good Bridles and Girths were alſo taken, and old ones left in their Place, with ſundry trifling Things tied in a Piece of black Cloth, and a Pair of Boots pretty much wore. It would be taken as a very particular Favour, if the Gentlemen who happened to be at Mr. *Reynolds*'s, during the Races, would be kind enough to have their Negroes ſearched, as it is greatly ſuſpected ſome of them muſt have been concerned in the above.——

Whoever can give Information of the above Theft, may receive Fifteen Shillings Reward, from

WILLIAM SMITH, Hoſtler to Mr. *Reynolds*.

TO THE

PUBLIC.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Inſtruction of Youth, ſeverely felt by the Inhabitants of *Frederick* County, induces them to ſubmit the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the Conſideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earneſtly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all thoſe who wiſh to ſee Science flouriſh in every Part of *Maryland*.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Aſſemhly to the Public School in *Frederick* County, being inſufficient to erect the neceſſary Buildings, it is propoſed by this Lottery, to raiſe Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To conſiſt of Three Thouſand TICKETS, *at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction*, viz.

1 Prize of	250	Dollars, is	250	Dollars.
1	- -	200	- - -	200
2	- -	125	- - -	250
2	- -	100	- - -	200
6	- -	50	- - -	300
8	- -	25	- - -	200
12	- -	15	- - -	180
40	- -	10	- - -	400
780	- -	4	- - -	3120
				900Sm rais'd.
Prizes, 852				
Blanks, 2148				
3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each,				6000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the whole.

When the Tickets are diſpoſed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-Houſe of the ſaid County, in Preſence of Six of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Meſſieurs *Jonathan Wilſon*, *Thomas Bowles*, *George Murdock*, *Joſeph Wood*, *Thomas Price*, *Caſper Shaaf*, *Charles Beattey*, *Samuel Beall*, jun. *Normand Bruce*, *Andrew Heugh*, *Eneas Cumpbell*, *Chriſtopher Edelin*, *John Cary*, *Lodowick Weltner*, *Peter Groſh*, *Thomas Neill*, *Nicholas Tice*, *Samuel Hughes*, *Thomas Johns*, and *James Brand*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes to be publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money paſſing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the ſame to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

*** TICKETS *to be had of any of the Managers, and at the* Printing-Office, *in* Annapolis.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

October 30, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, laſt Sunday Night, an *Engliſh* Convict Servant Man, named JESSE JORDAN, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has a pale Complexion, gray Eyes, light fair ſhort Hair, and is by Trade a Shoemaker: Had on, an Oſnabrig Shirt, red Breeches, with Trouſers over them, Two Jackets, the Under one a knit ſcarlet, the other a blue flower'd Serge; he alſo took with him his Shoemakers Tools, and a ſorrel Horſe, about 14 Hands high, with a white Blaze down his Face, and an old Saddle and Bridle; it is ſuppoſed he had a Companion with him, as the Subſcriber has alſo miſſed a Horſe, branded on the near Buttock H. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant and Horſes, and brings them to the Subſcriber, living near *Annapolis*, if taken within the County, Forty Shillings for the Fellow, and Twenty for the Creatures; or if out of the County and brought home, Five Pounds Reward, paid by

JOHN HESSELIUS.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD *at the* PRINTING-OFFICE,

THE

MARYLAND ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR 1770.

CONTAINING many inſtructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Proſe and Verſe; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Diſorders incident to this Climate, *&c.* Price, as uſual, 5*s. per* Dozen, or Eight Coppers ſingle.

June 25, 1769.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of *Patuxent* River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; ſuch as fulling, dying and preſſing all Sorts of Clothes and Worſted Stuffs, ſcarlet and blue excepted, unleſs dyed before ſent to the Mill.—As the inſupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of ſmall Debts, from various diſtant Parts of the Country, muſt be obvious to every one; and as this expenſive Undertaking was begun and proſecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppreſſive Meaſures, lately adopted and purſued by the Mother-Country, render it indiſpenſably neceſſary, for our own Well-being, that every Individual ſhou'd manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors deſire the Money for fulling, &c. to be ſent by the Perſon who is to receive the Cloth, as it is abſolutely neceſſary to ſupport the Work.——All Perſons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finiſhed off in the beſt Manner, and with all poſſible Diſpatch; and to prevent Miſtakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requeſted to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf) WILLIAM SCOTT.

To be SOLD, *by the Subſcribers, at their Store at* Pig-Point, *on* Patuxent *River by Wholeſale*,

ABOUT £. 950 firſt Coſt of Goods, for Current Money, Sterling Bills of Exchange, or ſhort Credit, on very reaſonable Terms.

STEWARD & NORRIS.

Baltimore-Town, September 12, 1769,

THE Subſcriber hereby gives public Notice that he has begun Inoculation, at his Dwelling-Houſe, which ſtands diſtant from *Baltimore-Town*, Half a Mile, is a healthy Situation, and an agreeable Proſpect.——His Price as before, Two Piſtoles for Inoculation, and Twenty Shillings *per* Week for Board. And as the Sickneſs is ſo trifling, and the Confinement none, the Expence need not exceed Five Pounds Fourteen Shillings, or Six Pounds Currency; and may be inoculated any Month in the Year, *July* and *Auguſt* excepted.

I ſhall be obliged to thoſe who will favour me with their Cuſtom; and they may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by

Their humble Servant,

HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. Thoſe who intend coming, are deſired not to change their Manner of Diet, or uſe any Preparation before hand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwiſe.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Kent-Iſland*, in *Queen-Anne*'s County, on Monday *September* 25, a yellow Negro Man, named FILL, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, blue Jacket, and a ſtriped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, ſtriped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Iſland, it is ſuppoſed he has made over for Thomas's Point.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall receive, if taken on the Iſland Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by JOHN COCKEY.

To be ſold, by the Subſcriber, at Public Vendue, on Wedneſday and Thurſday of this November *Court, at the Houſe of* Jacob Myers, *in* Baltimore-Town,

NEAR Two Hundred very valuable LOTS, on *Philpot's-Point*, and ſundry valuable Plantations in *Baltimore* Foreſt, Part of the Eſtate of *Brian Philpot*, deceaſed, and ſold to pay off the Creditors of ſaid Deceaſed's Eſtate. As it is not probable that the whole can be diſpoſed of at that Time, the Sale of what ſhall remain unſold, will be continued as aforeſaid on the Wedneſday and Thurſday of every ſucceeding Aſſize and County Courts, 'til the whole are ſold. Attendance will be given at the before-mentioned Time and Place, by the Subſcriber, who is duly authoriſed by Mrs. *Mary Philpot*, Executrix of ſaid Eſtate, to manage the Buſineſs and ſettle the Accounts thereof.

(12w) JAMES KELSO.

*** Thoſe Gentlemen who have bought Lots at the former Sales, are once more requeſted to call for their Deeds..

July 24, 1769.

RAN away laſt Night, from the *Patuxent* Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, *viz.* JOHN HILL an *Engliſhman*, about Thirty, or Thirty-five, Years of Age, dark Complexion, and wears his own ſhort black Hair; he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high: Had on, when he went away, an Oſnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trouſers, old Cotton Jacket, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

JOHN SMITH, a *Gypſy*, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, and is cloath'd in the ſame Manner as *Hill*.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, ſhall receive on delivering them, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and if Fifty Miles or out of the Province, Fifty Shillings for each (including what the Law allows) paid by

(tf) THO^{s}. SAM^{l}. & JOHN SNOWDEN.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Annapolis*, an indented Servant, named JOHN BURRAGE, by Trade a Clock and Watch-maker, born in the Weſt of *England*, about Five Feet Eleven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, mark'd much with the Small-Pox, and has ſhort black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a Drab Colour Surtout Coat, cut ſhort, Check Shirt, ſtriped Linen Trouſers, Caſtor Hat, and Country made Shoes.——Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and delivers him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

FRANCES KNAPP.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,

GOLDSMITH *and* JEWELLER *in* Weſt-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchaſed the Servants lately belonging to Mr. *Knapp* with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Buſineſſes hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all ſorts of Clocks and Watches, in the beſt and moſt approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactneſs than uſual, they may depend on having their Work done in the moſt careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He alſo carries on the Goldſmiths and Jewellers Buſineſſes in the moſt extenſive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend that the utmoſt Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Eſteem, ſhall be his whole Study and greateſt Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

*** He gives the beſt Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore-Town, September 16, 1769.

BROKE Jail laſt Night about Eleven o'Clock, the following Priſoners, *viz.*

JACOB, a Negro, a ſhort thick Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high; he was formerly the Property of Mr. *Benjamin Welſh*, of *Anne-Arundel* County, and ſold to a certain *Hugh Scott*, of *York* County, in *Pennſylvania*; he is remarkable for having both his Ears cropt, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured ſome where about Mr. *Welſh*'s Plantations.

WILLIAM WOODMAN, about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, he is a down looking Fellow, and had on an old Oſnabrig Shirt and Trouſers.

Whoever ſecures and brings back ſaid Priſoners, ſhall have Ten Pounds for both, or Five Pounds for each, paid by DANIEL CHAMIER,

(8w) Sheriff of *Baltimore* County.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.